Health and Safety Level 1



LEVEL

1.4 million workers suffer from work-related illness.





28.2 million working days are lost due to work-related illness and workplace injury.



Approximately 147 workers are killed at work each year.

13,000 deaths each year are estimated to be linked to past exposure at work, primarily to chemicals or dust.



approximately
12,000 deaths
caused by lung
disease each year
estimated to be
linked to past
exposures
at work.

There are



Workload, lack of support, violence, threats or bullying and changes at work are estimated to be the main causes of work-related stress, depression or anxiety.





All employees are entitled to work in environments where **risks to their health and safety** are properly controlled. Under **health and safety law**, the primary responsibility for this is down to employers. Employers have a duty to **consult with their employees**, or their representatives, on health and safety matters.

The Health and Safety at Work Act 1974 (HASAWA) lays down wide-ranging duties on employers. Employers must protect the 'health, safety and welfare' at work of all their employees, as well as others on their premises.





The estimated cost of injuries and ill health from current working conditions is £15 billion



Health and Safety Level 1: Criteria

Have a written health and safety policy in place which is regularly reviewed and followed.

Guidance:

- In line with Health and Safety Legislation, the policy must describe how you will manage health
 and safety in your organisation and how you will let your employees and others know about your
 commitment to health and safety.
- The policy should be reviewed regularly and kept up to date



Appoint a competent person to advise your organisation on managing workplace health and safety aspects.

Guidance:

- Consider the best approach for your organisation, you could appoint (one or a combination of):
 - » Yourself (owner / manager)
 - » One or more workers
 - » Someone from outside organisation
- The competent person should:
 - » Keep your organisations knowledge of health and safety up to date
 - » Advise on risks in relation to your organisation and your health and safety policy and risk assessments

Provide health and safety training and information to employees.

Guidance:

- Ensure clear instructions, information and adequate training is provided for employees on; hazards and risks they may face, measures in place to deal with those hazards and risks, how to follow any emergency procedures. Training arrangements and records should be in place.
- Providing health and safety information and training helps your organisation to:
 - » Ensure that employees know how to work safely and without risks to their health
 - » Develop a positive health and safety culture in the workplace, where health and safety becomes second nature to everyone
 - » Meet its legal duty to protect the health and safety of your employees (HSE, 2012)

Local/National Resources:

Health and safety policy

HSE website

HSE leading health and safety at work **guidance**

HSE policy guidance

WWW policy guidance template

Competent person

HSE competent person guidance

Health and Safety risk assessment

HSE risk assessments

Health and Safety information and training

HSE information and training **quidance**

Health and Safety law poster

HSE health and safety law poster



	Health and Safety Level 1: Criteria	Local/National Resources:
	Carry out a health and safety risk assessment.	
	Guidance:	
	 Risk assessments are required by law for organisations to protect their employees. Risk assessments allow organisations to identify and manage risks to prevent or minimise harm to employees' health and wellbeing. 	
	 As an organisation, you must identify what might cause harm to people (including visitors, contractors and neighbours) and decide whether you are doing enough to prevent harm. 	
	 When the risks are identified, decide how to control them and put the appropriate measures in place. 	
	 Consider working environments and action that the organisation is taking to identify and manage risks to prevent or minimise harm to employees' health and wellbeing (e.g. MSK risks from remote or home working, working at different sites, repetitive movements etc) 	
	 Risk assessments must be regularly reviewed, kept up to date and the findings shared within the organisation 	
HEALTH AND	Display the health and safety law poster with up to date contact details.	
SAFETY LAW	 Guidance: Your organisation must display the health and safety law poster or provide each worker with a pocket card. 	