Early Help Assessment Guidance for Professionals

Introduction

The Early Help Assessment is a tool to assist any professional who is working with children, young people and families. It is NOT a referral form but give a framework to consider whilst working with a child/family. It has been endorsed by Worcestershire Safeguarding Children Partnership as part of The Early Help Strategy for partners within the County.

It should be used where there are emerging welfare or well-being concerns.

Early Help Assessment

- presenting or emerging needs are unclear or complex
- impact unknown or significant & likely to escalate
- unclear who or what may help/ further significant information required

Parental consent is essential. A signature or confirmation of consent from the parent/carer must be in place.

When you are completing this strengths-based assessment please use the Signs of Safety approach. If you are not Signs of Safety trained, please contact <u>earlyhelppartnership@worcschildrenfirst.org.uk</u>

Child and Family Details Section 1 - Detail of Child/Children/Young Person

Date First Contact						
made		Section 1 focuses on the general information about the				
Child/ren's/Young		child and family. All children living in the household should				
Person's Name/s		be named on the form, although you may not have				
Date of Birth		concerns or provide support for all of them. It is important that families are supported to help				
Gender		themselves, so this section asks about significant people both within, and outside of, the household.				
Ethnicity						
Address						
Religion						
Disability						
Language or						
communication needs						
_						
Names of						
Parent/Carers						
Consider the parental relationship – could Worcestershire's Harm						
Parental Relationship	Home planning too	and resources be used?				
		×				
Other people within			Consideration should also			
the household (Names			be given to the parental			
and DOB)			relationship, whether living			
			together or parenting apart,			
Early Help Assessment Guid	ance (005)		and its impact on the			
			child/ren.			

Other family members (e.g. children/parents) not living in family		
home		These questions are asked to determine
Other Significant Adults not in the household	•	what support network the family have, and who could ultimately support them when professionals are no longer involved. Other
Additional Information		significant adults could be extended family member; close family friend; or a neighbour that is part of the family support
Name and contact		network.
details of other professionals involved		
What does the child/young person want to happen?	 Child's/Young Person's views wis Child's/Young Person's perceptic friends they have contact with, lo Child(ren)s/Young Person's views 	De: vices they have received to date – detail any positive impact made hes and feelings regarding their day to day lived experience. Describe the ns of their day-to-day life at home and at school. Include extended family and eisure / social time including physical activity and feelings about any concerns they may have and what might help them in
	their life	The child or young person should always be asked what they want to happen – the child/children's voice(s) should be a central part of the assessment and should influence actions moving forward. If a child is very young or non-verbal, observations of the child's lived experience should be made. It may be relevant to talk to other professionals about what

Thinking about the situation and the child/ren that you are worried about

• Early Help Assessment Section 2

The plan must be written in such a way that it can be owned and understood by the child and family. The family should be directly involved in clarifying what the concerns are, and what the family need to do. This might involve actions with you, or if necessary, using the support of other agencies, to make the situation better. The questions in the table/s, using the columns from left to right, should assist both you and the family to identify the issues, concerns and necessary actions.

The identification of a lead professional may be necessary if there is a need for someone to co-ordinate the provision of support for the child. This person acts as the single point of contact when other services are involved with that child or family and a joined-up response is required. The choice of lead professional should be informed by the wishes and feelings of the child or young person about who they feel is most appropriate for them.

What are you worried about?	What is working well?	What needs to happen?	
For example: At this moment in time – what are you most worried about. (*) – are there any specific examples. How worried is the child/young person? How worried is the parent/carer?	For example: What works well now to support the child/young person/family when things are going wrong or they are worried? What has been offered to the family before? What support network does the family have?	For example: What would make things better for the child/young person/children/family? What does the family want to achieve? Are they willing to accept help (consent)? Would an Early Help Family Plan be helpful to the family?	
	 As you work through this section with the family, you should ask you the following questions: What am I and/or my agency going to do, or have done, to support this child/young person/family? Do I need to talk to or work with anyone else? If there need be more people involved, then who should take the professilead for the family? You need to include other Early Help agencies involved with the family (<i>For example: a school contacting a school health nurse or bereavement counselling nursery contacting a health visitor, a health visitor talking to peri-natal team</i>) Does the family agree with me about the need for additional support and will they accept the services identified? Are there any safeguarding concerns? Do I need to discuss the family with my manager or our Designated Safeguarding Lear escalate my concerns to the Family Front Door? Please refer Worcestershire Safeguarding Children Partnership's Levels or the services identified is the service of the services identified is the service of th		

If the parent/carer(s) are unwilling to give consent, this should be recorded on the form. You can still use the form to record your professional viewpoint and concerns but without consent you will be unable to move a plan forward at this time.

The Family Plan

• Early Help Assessment Section 3

Not all Assessments will lead to a plan. Where a Family Plan is required, this section can be completed by a single agency or by a group of professionals where a team around the family meeting has been convened.

3 Early Help Family Plan

Date the Support Started

If a Lead Professional is required to co-ordinate multi-agency involvement, they should hold responsibility for ensuring that the plan is reviewed with the family and partners.

3a) Creating the initial Plan	What needs to happen?			
What actions are required as identified by the family?	Who will do this?		By When	
Please list the individual actions here Keep targets SMART	This can include the child/young person and parent/carers and other family or friends, as well as professionals		Set dates for each action.	
(Small, measurable, acheivable, realistic targets)				
1.				
2.				
3.				
4.				
Set a date for Review of Plan				

Once **Sections 1, 2, 3a, 3b, 4 and 5** (Early Help Assessment) are completed, please submit via <u>https://ehmportal.worcschildrenfirst.org.uk/web/portal/pages/thirdpartyassessment#ssa</u>

Retain a copy for your own records.

• When the intervention with the family ends:

complete the Early Help Closing Summary form available via https://ehmportal.worcschildrenfirst.org.uk/web/portal/pages/thirdpartyassessment#ssa

• Ensure the Early Help Family Plan Review/s are updated

Retain copies for your own records.